



# Maryland State 44 Net / AMPR.ORG IP Subnet Plan

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This plan will describe the subnetting of the IPv4 address range allocated to the amateur radio community in Maryland. Currently all IPv4 addresses available to Maryland are co-ordinated by Charles Hargrove, N2NOV. The latest version of this document may be downloaded from [http://HamGateMDE.n2nov.net/Maryland\\_State\\_Subnet\\_Plan.pdf](http://HamGateMDE.n2nov.net/Maryland_State_Subnet_Plan.pdf)

The following IPv4 address subnet is allocated to the amateur radio community in Maryland:

**44.60.0.0 / 255.255.0.0**

It shall be further broken down into smaller subnets so as to allow all radio hams in the state to be allocated an address that will be geographically relevant and routable. The plan is based on a “hub and spoke” principal. Each county in the state will be allocated its own subnet. A regional hub (or hubs) will be assigned numbers from their subnet and in turn the hubs will issue addresses to their users. The master hub will be called “**hamgatemd**” which will reside on the Internet. The purpose of the hubs will be to control traffic to and from the Maryland network so as to meet current FCC Part 97 rules and to help prevent unwanted traffic from escaping onto an RF based LAN. HamGateMD hubs will not prevent RF based users from accessing the Internet should they so wish. Where possible all hubs will be accessible from both the Internet and a local RF LAN. Users may or may not be connected to the Internet, but will be connected via RF to their local hub. The regional hubs will be free to create any RF based LAN they so choose and are strongly encouraged to try experimental data transport methods. Data repeaters such as D-STAR, C4FM, DMR and HamNet (AREDN) are also encouraged to participate in this addressing scheme. The ultimate goal is that of interoperability. All hubs and users on the network will use the “**host.ampr.org**” naming convention. For the purposes of DNS entries, A, AAAA and CNAME records will be allowed and where possible MX records will be populated.

#### **A word about IP and subnets etc:**

Most readers will be familiar with expressions such as “subnet”, “netmask” and “gateway” from their exposure to their cable modems at home. However, most users will not understand what these terms mean. In short, the numbers that represent these expressions describe how many IP addresses are available to the local network, how to calculate the location of any IP address and where to go if you cannot reach your intended destination address directly on your LAN.

Just like your cable modem and WiFi router, the ham radio TCP/IP network uses subnets, netmasks and gateways to navigate around hosts for the purposes of sending email, viewing the Dxcluster, etc.

Unlike your equipment at home, when you join the Maryland ham radio data community you will be issued a set of numbers that will not only allow you to communicate with your fellow hams but also communicate worldwide via the Internet.

Your allocation is indeed an honest-to-goodness “real” IP address. Unlike the IP addresses you are familiar with in your home (192.168.x.x) which are repeated almost everywhere you go, your numbers are unique to you! Like all things in ham radio, the “big boys” want our stuff. There are no more IPv4 addresses available anywhere in the world and so your allocation is a valuable commodity just like your RF space. Use it or lose it!!!! (remember the 220 band in the 1990’s?)

And in case you were wondering, there are PLENTY of numbers for the ham community thanks to the foresight of the original pioneers of packet radio, so please use as many as you can justify. Each of the 23 counties in MD has over 2,000 addresses available. More is available should the need arise.

In the event that you lose interest in our data community, your numbers will be returned to the pool held for your county and issued to the next requesting user in that county.

### **It's all in the numbers:**

There are a little over 65,500 IP addresses available to Maryland. Of that number, over 47,000 are shared among the various counties around the state leaving some 18,000 remaining should there be a need to "back fill" somewhere for a special project or for BGP. Should you have a need for more numbers than is available in your county please contact your coordinator to discuss your proposals.

The IP subnet details for a sample county is listed below. These subnets are further reduced to better fit the needs of any given county network between traditional packet messaging systems and experimental uses like VoIP and HSMM/Mesh networks. The 44 Net is understood to be routable packets to other systems by either RF/wireless LANs or the internet via IPIP encapsulation (VPN).

### **For example:**

<b><u>Garrett County, MD</u></b>	44.60.16.1/255.255.248.0
Subnet	44.60.16.0/21
Range	44.60.16.1 – 44.60.23.254 (max. 2,046 hosts)
Network	44.60.16.0
Broadcast	44.60.23.255
Gateway	44.60.16.1
AX25 Hierarchical Address	<i>host.#garr.md.usa.noam</i>

Each county /21 network can be broken up into two /22 networks like this:

<b><u>Traditional Packet BBS</u></b>	44.60.16.1/255.255.252.0
Subnet	44.60.16.0/22
Range	44.60.16.1 – 44.60.19.254 (max. 1,022 hosts)
Network	44.60.16.0
Broadcast	44.60.19.255
Gateway	44.60.16.1

<b><u>Experimental Uses</u></b>	44.60.20.1/255.255.252.0
Subnet	44.60.20.0/22
Range	44.60.20.1 – 44.60.23.254 (max. 1,022 hosts)
Network	44.60.20.0
Broadcast	44.60.23.255
Gateway	44.60.20.1

Requestors will then be issued a smaller subnet based on the number of routable addresses needed:

/29	6 usable addresses
/28	14
/27	30
/26	62
/25	126
/24	254

The below chart shows the 23 counties of Maryland with their associated IP range assignments, the National Weather Service FIPS code for weather radio alerting, the Maryland county 4 letter code that is used in the AX25 hierarchical addressing template and the 1 to 5 prefixes of USPS Zip Codes in each county for NTS message routing purposes for the MDC ARRL Section.

<u>County</u>	<u>FIPS</u>	<u>Code</u>	<u>Section</u>	<u>Subnet</u>	<u>Packet</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>ZIP1</u>	<u>ZIP2</u>	<u>ZIP3</u>	<u>ZIP4</u>	<u>ZIP5</u>
				<u>/21</u>	<u>/22</u>	<u>/22</u>					
<b>*SPARE 1*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>					
<b>*SPARE 2*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>12</b>					
<b>GARRETT</b>	24023	GARR	MDC	16	16	20	215				
<b>ALLEGANY</b>	24001	ALLE	MDC	24	24	28	215	217			
<b>WASHINGTON</b>	24043	WASH	MDC	32	32	36	217				
<b>FREDERICK</b>	24021	FRED	MDC	40	40	44	208	217			
<b>CARROLL</b>	24013	CARR	MDC	48	48	52	210	211	217		
<b>BALTIMORE</b>	24005	BALT	MDC	56	56	60	210	211	212		
<b>HARFORD</b>	24025	HARF	MDC	64	64	68	210	211			
<b>MONTGOMERY</b>	24031	MONT	MDC	72	72	76	207	208	209	217	
<b>HOWARD</b>	24027	HOWA	MDC	80	80	84	207	208	210	211	217
<b>PRINCE GEORGE'S</b>	24033	PGC	MDC	88	88	92	206	207	209		
<b>ANNE ARUNDEL</b>	24003	ANNE	MDC	96	96	100	207	210	211	212	214
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>108</b>					
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>116</b>					
<b>*BGP* D.C.</b>	<b>11001</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>MDC</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>205</b>	
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>132</b>					
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>140</b>					
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>148</b>					
<b>CECIL</b>	24015	CECI	MDC	152	152	156	219				
<b>KENT</b>	24029	KENT	MDC	160	160	164	216				
<b>QUEEN ANNE'S</b>	24035	QUEE	MDC	168	168	172	216				
<b>TALBOT</b>	24041	TALB	MDC	176	176	180	216				
<b>CALVERT</b>	24009	CALV	MDC	184	184	188	206	207			
<b>CHARLES</b>	24017	CHAR	MDC	192	192	196	206				
<b>ST. MARY'S</b>	24037	SMAR	MDC	200	200	204	206				
<b>*BGP*</b>			<b>MDC</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>212</b>					
<b>CAROLINE</b>	24011	CARO	MDC	216	216	220	216				
<b>DORCHESTER</b>	24019	DORC	MDC	224	224	228	216	218			
<b>WICOMICO</b>	24045	WICO	MDC	232	232	236	218				
<b>SOMERSET</b>	24039	SOME	MDC	240	240	244	218				
<b>WORCESTER</b>	24047	WORC	MDC	248	248	252	218				